

Tries (aka Digital Trees)

CSCI 241

Brian Hutchinson

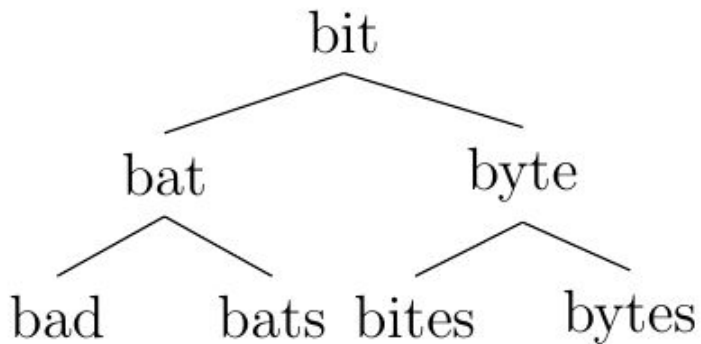
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Trie Overview

- From the word *retrieval*
 - Pronounced *tree* or *try*
- Alternative to BSTs for implementing the Set ADT and Map ADT
- Tree data structure that uses *position* rather than *comparisons*
- Assumes keys are a sequence of *symbols/characters/digits* from some *alphabet*
 - E.g., keys are W-numbers, alphabet = $\{0,1,2,\dots,9,W\}$
 - E.g., keys are English words without punctuation, alphabet = $\{a,b,\dots,z,A,B,\dots,Z\}$
- *Request: ponder parallels to the comparison sort vs radix sort trade-offs here*

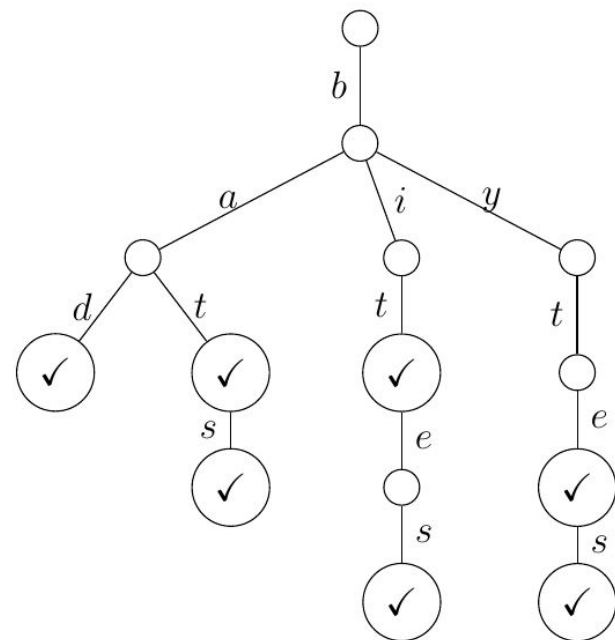
BST vs Tries for Set ADT

Binary Search Tree



- Two tree data structures storing the same seven keys.
- Keys are sequences of lower case English characters.

Trie



Example TrieNode Definition

```
class TrieNode<S,V> {  
    HashMap<S,TrieNode> children; // S is symbol type; e.g., Character  
    boolean terminates;           // for implementing Set ADT (checkmark)  
    V value;                       // for implementing Map ADT  
}
```

Example for this node:

- this.terminates == false
- this.value == null
- children maps
 - 'a' to
 - 'i' to
 - 'y' to

