Pseudocode for Dijkstra's single-source shortest paths algorithm. Let v be the starting node.

At termination, each node n's d field contains the length of the shortest path from v to n.

```
shortest paths(v):
 S = \{\};
F = \{v\};
 v \cdot d = 0;
v.bp = null;
while (F != {}) {
   f = node in F with min d value;
   Remove f from F, add it to S;
   for each neighbor w of f {
     if (w not in S or F) {
       w.d = f.d + weight(f, w);
       w.bp = f;
       add w to F;
     } else if (f.d + weight(f, w) < w.d) {</pre>
       w.d = f.d + weight(f, w);
       w.bp = f;
  }
```