Sample Midterm Questions

Disclaimer: These have been edited only lightly, and have largely not been checked for correctness.

```
1. What does the following program output?
if 5 > 10:
    print ("Hello.")
2. What does the following program output?
hello = False
if hello:
    print ("Hello.")
else:
    print ("Goodbye.")
3. What does the following program output?
if False or not False:
    print ("Hello.")
else :
    print ("Goodbye.")
4. What does the following program output?
S1 = False
S2 = True
if (not S1) and S2:
    print (100)
else:
    print (0)
```

```
5. What does the following program print?
A=7
B=a-2
if a+b==9
    print("sounds about right")
elif a+b>14
    print ("Don't know about that")
else print: ("I'd check this with a calculator")
6. Which of the following will produce an error?
  a) mom=turtle.Turtle()
  b) Mom=turtle.Turtle()
  c) 1mom=turtle.Turtle()
  d) mom1=turtle.Turtle()
  e) #mom=turtle.Turtle()
7. What is the value of number after the following code is executed?
for number in range (1,16):
    print (number, end=", ")
8. What does the following program print?
a = 2
b = 5 \% 3
c = 4 * b ** a
d = (a + b + c) / b
if d <= 20:
     d += 1
     print(d)
else:
     print("d is greater than 20")
9. What is the output of:
str = "Hello World!"?
print(str * 2)
A: Hello World!Hello World!
B: Hello World! * 2
C: Hello World!
```

D: None of the above

10. What does the following program print?

11. Consider the following code:

```
x = 5
y = 3
print(x ** 2 + 2 * y)
```

- a. What will the above program print?
- b. What is the data type of the value that gets printed?
- c. In what order are the operators in the expression evaluated?
- **12.** Evaluate the following expression:

$$(8//5) + 7 -5**2 == 9$$

- **13.** What is by the following: print("a" * 3)?
 - a) a3
 - b) aaa
 - c) aaa
 - d) a
- **14.** If the user input is 3, what is the output of the following?

```
n = input()
print("n+1", n)
if type(n) == float:
    print(n)
if type(n) == str:
    n=int(n)+1
else:
    print ("n")
print(n)
```

15. Riley wishes to create a while loop to print all possible outcomes of two 6-sided dice, and has typed the following:

```
die1 = 1
while die1 <= 6:
    die2 = 1
    while die2 <= 6:
        print( die1, die2)
        die2 += 1
    die1 += 1</pre>
```

Riley has discovered for loops and wants to rewrite the code to take up less. Write a program that prints the same output using for loops.

16. What will the following block of code output?

```
for i in range(1,17,4):
    if i%3 != 0:
        while i<=10:
            print(i//5,end=" ")
            i+=1
    else:
        print(i-1,17)</pre>
```

- **17**. Write an program that returns the product of two integers a and b. But if one of the integers is at least twice as large as the other, return quotient of the larger divided by the smaller.
- **18.** Write code to create a Turtle object and then draw a right triangle. Name the variable referring to your turtle after yourself.

```
19. What does the following program print?
a = True
b = False

print(((not a or b) or (a != b)) and not (not a and b))

20. What does this code print?
for number in range(10):
    if number % 2 == 0:
        print(number, sep=' ')
```

21. In Python, which of the following will increment the value of 'n' by one?

```
A. n += 1
B. n == n + 1
C. n *= 1
D. n = n + 1
E. n++
```

22. What would the following code print?

```
x = 3
If x > 10:
    print("AA")
elif x % 2 == 0:
    print("AAA")
else:
    print("AAAA")
```

- **23.** True or False: Statements are executed, while an expressions represent values and can be evaluated.
- **24**. Find the syntax error(s) in the following code:

```
if 23 >= 22 and 7/ 9 != 1
    Print("Correct")
else:
    print("Incorrect")
```

- a) A colon is missing after the Boolean expression.
- b) One of the print functions is incorrectly entered.
- c) The greater-than-or-equal-to operand is in the wrong order.
- d) Both a and b.
- e) None of the above.
- **25**. Consider the following code:

```
if a % 5 == 0 and a % 10 == 0 and b >= 15:
    print(a + b)
elif a % 5 == 0 and a % 10 == 0 and b < 15:
    print(a - b)
elif a % 5 == 0 and a % 10 != 0 and b >=15:
    print(a * b)
elif a % 5 == 0 and a % 10 != 0 and b < 15:
    print(a // b)
else:
    print(a ** b)</pre>
```

What values of a and b make the output of the program 630?

```
A. a = 30, b = 600
```

B.
$$a = 635$$
, $b = 5$

C.
$$a = 35$$
, $b = 18$

- D. both A and C
- E. None of the above
- 26. Convert the following binary numbers into decimal, add them together, and divide by 4.

```
10111 10001
```

27. Evaluate the following expression:

```
8 - 4 == 7 or False or (50 + 45 > 107 \text{ and } (3 < 4))
```

- **28.** Find and fix the syntax error, then give what is printed by the following code: print(32 % 6 + 2 ** (8 4))
- **29.** What is the output of the following code, for n = 0, n = 1, and n = 2?

```
while n < 30:
    if n %2 != 0:
        print(n)
        n = n**n
    else:
        print(n)
        n +=1</pre>
```

30. What does this code print?

```
x=1
y=3
while x <= 5:
    x+=1
    for i in range(1,5):
        y+=1
print(x*y)</pre>
```

31. What is the output of this program?

```
x = 9
y = x % 2

if x <= 9:
    if y > 2 or x > 10:
        print(x + 1)
    elif y < 20 and x > 1:
        print(y + 2*x)
    else:
        if y > 0 or x >= 1:
            print(x - y)

else:
    if y > 0:
        print(x * y)
```

- **32.** Where is the short-term memory of a computer stored?
- A. the CPU
- B. the main memory
- C. the secondary storage
- D. the monitor

Answers

```
    No output
    Goodbye.
    Hello.
    100
    I'd check this with a calculator
    c
    15
    11.0
    A
    5
    a: 11; b: int; c: ** then * then +
    False
    b
    n+13
    4
```

Explanation: After n is assigned to 3, "n+1" is printed as a string, and n is printed as 3. "n" does not evaluate to a float type so the first if clause is ignored. "n" is a string (we know this because all input variables default to a string type. Now n is assigned to 4 because "n" is converted to an integer. We skip the else clause and print n which is now four.

```
17. if a * 2 <= b:
      print(b / a)
   elif b*2 <= a:
      print(a / b)
      print(a * b)
18.
import turtle
maggie = turtle.Turtle()
maggie.forward(100) # here draws the base
maggie.left(90)
maggie.forward(100)
maggie.left(135)
maggie.forward(142)
19. True
20. 0 2 4 6 8
21. A and D
22. AAAA
23. True
24. d
25. D
26. 10111 = <u>23</u>
   10001 = 17
   23 + 17 = 40
   40 / 4 = 10
27. False
28. Missing closing paren; prints 18 once fixed
   infinite 1s printed on separate lines
   n = 1:
   infinite 1s printed on separate lines
   n = 2:
   2
   3
   27
30. 138
31. 19
32. B
```